MathVine - Pre-Algebra		Name	
Median of a Dataset		Date	_Period
Find the median of each dataset.			
			median
1. 1	0, 3, 6, 5, 3, 10		
2. 1	2, 3, 5, 11		
з. 1	0, 9, 2, 11, 12, 3, 3, 5, 8, 8, 11		
4. 8	, 2, 11, 7, 6, 5, 2, 8, 4, 9		
5. <u>1</u>	2, 4, 9, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 12		
6. 7	, 8, 7, 8, 3, 4, 11		
7. 6	,9,3,5,9,6,9		
8. 3	, 2, 7, 9, 3		
9. 4	,9,6,12,10,12,10		
10. 3	, 10, 3, 10, 11, 10		
11. 6	, 10, 5, 8, 4, 12		
12. 6	, 2, 10, 4, 9, 2		

MathVine - Pre-Algebra Name Median of a Dataset Period Date Find the median of each dataset. median 10, 3, 6, 5, 3, 105.51. 12, 3, 5, 118 2. 10, 9, 2, 11, 12, 3, 3, 5, 8, 8, 118 3. 8, 2, 11, 7, 6, 5, 2, 8, 4, 96.54. 12, 4, 9, 2, 5, 7, 8, 9, 128 5. 7, 8, 7, 8, 3, 4, 117 6. 6, 9, 3, 5, 9, 6, 96 7. 3, 2, 7, 9, 33 8. 4, 9, 6, 12, 10, 12, 10109. 3, 10, 3, 10, 11, 101010. 11. 6, 10, 5, 8, 4, 127 12. 6, 2, 10, 4, 9, 2 $\mathbf{5}$

MathVine - Pre-Algebra

Name

Median of a Dataset

Date_____ Period_____

Solution Steps

 $^{^{)}}10,3,6,5,3,10$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

3, 3, 5, 6, 10 and 10

To find the median in this situation, take the average (mean) of 5 and 6 $\frac{5+6}{2} = 5.5$

The median of the set is 5.5

 $^{^{\scriptscriptstyle 2)}}12,3,5,11$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

3, 5, 11 and 12

To find the median in this situation, take the average (mean) of 5 and 11 $\frac{5+11}{2} = 8$

The median of the set is 8

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 3)}\,10,9,2,11,12,3,3,5,8,8,11$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

2, 3, 3, 5, 8, 8, 9, 10, 11, 11 and 12

We can see that 8 is in the middle of the list. There are five numbers less than 8, and five numbers greater than 8.

The median of this set is 8

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 4)}\,8,2,11,7,6,5,2,8,4,9$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

2, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 8, 9 and 11

To find the median in this situation, take the average (mean) of 6 and 7 6 + 7

$$\frac{5+7}{2} = 6.5$$

The median of the set is 6.5

 $^{_{5)}}12,4,9,2,5,7,8,9,12$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 9, 12 and 12

We can see that 8 is in the middle of the list. There are four numbers less than 8, and four numbers greater than 8.

The median of this set is 8

 $^{^{6)}}7, 8, 7, 8, 3, 4, 11$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

3, 4, 7, 7, 8, 8 and 11

We can see that 7 is in the middle of the list. There are three numbers less than 7, and three numbers greater than 7. The median of this set is 7

The median of this set is *i*

 $^{^{7)}}6,9,3,5,9,6,9$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order: 3, 5, 6, 6, 9, 9 and 9

We can see that 6 is in the middle of the list. There are three numbers less than 6, and three numbers greater than 6.

The median of this set is 6

 $^{^{
m 8)}}3,2,7,9,3$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

2, 3, 3, 7 and 9

We can see that 3 is in the middle of the list. There are two numbers less than 3, and two numbers greater than 3.

The median of this set is 3

 $^{_{9)}}4,9,6,12,10,12,10$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

4, 6, 9, 10, 10, 12 and 12

We can see that 10 is in the middle of the list. There are three numbers less than 10, and three numbers greater than 10.

The median of this set is 10

 $^{^{\scriptscriptstyle 10)}}3,10,3,10,11,10$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

3, 3, 10, 10, 10 and 11

To find the median in this situation, take the average (mean) of 10 and 10 \pm 10

$$\frac{10+10}{2} = 10$$

The median of the set is 10

 $^{^{\scriptscriptstyle 11)}}6,10,5,8,4,12$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

4, 5, 6, 8, 10 and 12

To find the median in this situation, take the average (mean) of 6 and 8

$$\frac{10}{2} = 7$$

The median of the set is 7

 $^{^{\scriptscriptstyle 12)}}6,2,10,4,9,2$

Right now the numbers are out of order, so it is difficult to tell which number will be in the middle of the list. So first put the numbers in order:

2, 2, 4, 6, 9 and 10

To find the median in this situation, take the average (mean) of 4 and 6

$$\frac{4+0}{2} = 5$$

The median of the set is 5