MathVine - Pre-Algebra

Subtracting Fractions

## Subtract.

1) $\frac{8}{10}-\frac{6}{10}$
2) $\frac{9}{10}-\frac{2}{10}$
3) $\frac{3}{8}-\frac{7}{8}$
4) $\frac{2}{9}-\frac{9}{9}$
5) $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{3}{4}$
6) $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{2}{4}$
7) $\frac{5}{9}-\frac{2}{5}$
8) $\frac{1}{10}-\frac{2}{2}$
9) $\frac{2}{7}-\frac{5}{7}$
10) $\frac{4}{5}-\frac{2}{5}$
11) $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{2}$
12) $\frac{2}{4}-\frac{5}{6}$
13) $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{9}{10}$
14) $\frac{3}{6}-\frac{1}{6}$
15) $\frac{2}{4}-\frac{4}{7}$
16) $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{8}$

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Subtracting Fractions

Subtract.

1) $\frac{8}{10}-\frac{6}{10}$
2) $\frac{9}{10}-\frac{2}{10}$
Answer: $\frac{7}{10}$
Answer: $\frac{1}{5}$
3) $\frac{3}{8}-\frac{7}{8}$
Answer:
$-\overline{2}$
4) $\frac{2}{9}-\frac{9}{9}$

Answer:
$-\overline{9}$
5) $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{3}{4}$
Answer:
$-\frac{1}{2}$
6) $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{2}{4}$
7) $\frac{5}{9}-\frac{2}{5}$

Answer: $\frac{7}{45}$
8) $\frac{1}{10}-\frac{2}{2}$

> Answer:
> $-\frac{9}{10}$
9) $\frac{2}{7}-\frac{5}{7}$
Answer:
3
$-\overline{7}$
10) $\frac{4}{5}-\frac{2}{5}$
11) $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{2}$

Answer:
$-\frac{1}{4}$
12) $\frac{2}{4}-\frac{5}{6}$

Answer:
$-\frac{1}{3}$
13) $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{9}{10}$
14) $\frac{3}{6}-\frac{1}{6}$
15) $\frac{2}{4}-\frac{4}{7}$
16) $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{8}$

## Answer:

$-\frac{13}{70}$

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Subtracting Fractions

## Solution Steps

1) $\frac{8}{10}-\frac{6}{10}$
2) $\frac{9}{10}-\frac{2}{10}$
3) $\frac{3}{8}-\frac{7}{8}$
4) $\frac{2}{9}-\frac{9}{9}$

Since these
fractions have the
same denominator, we can just subtract
the numerators
$\frac{9}{10}-\frac{2}{10}=\frac{7}{10}$
Since these
fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract
the numerators
$\frac{3}{8}-\overline{7}=-\frac{4}{8}$
Since these fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract
the numerators
$\frac{8}{10}-\frac{6}{10}=\frac{2}{10}$
$\overline{10}$ can be reduced,
since 2 is a factor of
${ }_{2}$ both $2_{2}$ and 10 :
$\overline{10} \div \overline{2}=\overline{5}$
The fraction is now in lowest terms

Name $\qquad$

Date $\qquad$ Period $\qquad$
5) $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{3}{4}$

Since these
fractions have the
same denominator, we can just subtract ${ }_{1}$ the numerators
$\overline{4}-\overline{4}=-\overline{4}$
$-\frac{2}{4}$ can be
reduced, since 2 is
a factor of both -2
and 4 : $2 \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}=-\frac{1}{2}}$
The fraction is now in lowest terms
6) $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{2}{4}$

Since these
fractions have
different
denominators, we
need to find the
least common
multiple of the
denominators
The least common
multiple of 4 and 7
is 28 , so we need to
multiply to make
each of the
${ }_{5}$ denominators $=28$
$\overline{7} * \overline{4}=\overline{28}$
$-\frac{2}{4} * \frac{7}{7}=-\frac{14}{28}$
Since these
fractions have the
same denominator, we can just subtract
the numerators
$\overline{28}-\overline{28}=\overline{28}$
$\overline{28}$ can be reduced,
since 2 is a factor of
${ }_{6}$ both $6_{2}$ and 28 :
$\overline{28} \div \overline{2}=\overline{14}$
The fraction is now in lowest terms
7) $\frac{5}{9}-\frac{2}{5}$

Since these
fractions have
different
denominators, we
need to find the
least common
multiple of the
denominators
The least common
multiple of 5 and 9
is 45 , so we need to
multiply to make
each of the
denominators $=45$
$\overline{9} * \overline{5}=\overline{45}$
$-\overline{5} * \frac{1}{9}=-\frac{18}{45}$
Since these
fractions have the
same denominator, we can just subtract
the numerators
$\overline{45}-\overline{45}=\overline{45}$
8) $\frac{1}{10}-\frac{2}{2}$

Since these
fractions have
different
denominators, we
need to find the
least common
multiple of the
denominators
The least common multiple of 2 and 10 is 10 , so we need to multiply to make each of the
denominators $=10$
$\overline{10} * \overline{1}_{5}=\overline{10}$
$-\frac{2}{2} * \frac{5}{5}=-\frac{10}{10}$
Since these
fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract
the numerators 9
$\overline{10}-\overline{10}=-\overline{10}$
9) $\frac{2}{7}-\frac{5}{7}$

Since these
fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract ${ }_{2}$ the numerators $\overline{7}-\overline{7}=-\overline{7}$
10) $\frac{4}{5}-\frac{2}{5}$

Since these fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract the numerators
$\overline{5}-\overline{5}=\overline{5}$
11) $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{2}$

Since these
fractions have
different
denominators, we need to find the least common
multiple of the denominators
The least common multiple of 2 and 4 is 4 , so we need to multiply to make each of the
denominaztors $=4$
$\overline{4} * \overline{1}=\overline{4}$ $-\frac{2}{2} * \frac{2}{2}=-\frac{4}{4}$
Since these
fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract the numerators
$\overline{4}-\overline{4}=-\overline{4}$
12) $\frac{2}{4}-\frac{5}{6}$

Since these fractions have different denominators, we need to find the least common multiple of the denominators The least common multiple of 4 and 6 is 12 , so we need to multiply to make each of the
${ }_{2}$ denominators $=12$
$\overline{4} * \overline{3}=\overline{12}$
$-\frac{5}{6} * \frac{2}{2}=-\frac{10}{12}$
Since these
fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract ${ }_{6}^{\text {the }}{ }^{2}{ }_{10}{ }^{2}$
$\overline{12}-\overline{4} \overline{12}=-\overline{12}$
$-\overline{12}$ can be
reduced, since 4 is a factor of both -4 and 12 :
$-\frac{4}{12} \div \frac{4}{4}=-\frac{1}{3}$
The fraction is now in lowest terms
13) $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{9}{10}$

Since these
fractions have
different
denominators, we
need to find the
least common
multiple of the
denominators
The least common multiple of 7 and 10 is 70 , so we need to multiply to make each of the denominators $=70$ $\overline{7} * \overline{10}=\overline{70}$
$-\frac{9}{10} * \frac{7}{7}=-\frac{63}{70}$
Since these
fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract
the numerators 13
$\overline{70}-\overline{70}=-\overline{70}$
14) $\frac{3}{6}-\frac{1}{6}$

Since these
fractions have the
same denominator,
we can just subtract
the numerators
$\overline{6}-\overline{6}=\overline{6}$
$\overline{6}$ can be reduced,
since 2 is a factor of
both 2 and 6 :
$\overline{6} \div \overline{2}=\overline{3}$
The fraction is now
in lowest terms
15) $\frac{2}{4}-\frac{4}{7}$

Since these
fractions have
different
denominators, we
need to find the
least common
multiple of the
denominators
The least common
multiple of 4 and 7
is 28 , so we need to
multiply to make
each of the
${ }_{2}{ }_{7}{ }^{2}{ }_{14}$
$\overline{4} * \overline{7}=\overline{28}$
$-\frac{4}{7} * \frac{4}{4}=-\frac{16}{28}$
Since these
fractions have the
same denominator, we can just subtract
${ }_{14}{ }^{\text {the }}{ }^{\text {numerators }} 2$
$\overline{28} \overline{2} \overline{28}=-\overline{28}$
$-\overline{28}$ can be
reduced, since 2 is
a factor of both -2
and 28 :
$-\frac{2}{28} \div \frac{2}{2}=-\frac{1}{14}$
The fraction is now in lowest terms
16) $\frac{3}{4}-\frac{2}{8}$

Since these fractions have different denominators, we need to find the least common multiple of the denominators The least common multiple of 4 and 8 is 8 , so we need to multiply to make each of the
${ }_{3}$ denominators $=8$
$\overline{4} * \overline{2}=\overline{8}$
$-\frac{2}{8} * \frac{1}{1}=-\frac{2}{8}$
Since these
fractions have the same denominator, we can just subtract
${ }_{6}$ the numerators
$\overline{8}-\overline{8}=\overline{8}$
$\overline{8}$ can be reduced,
since 4 is a factor of
both 4 and 8 :
$\overline{8} \div \overline{4}=\overline{2}$
The fraction is now in lowest terms

